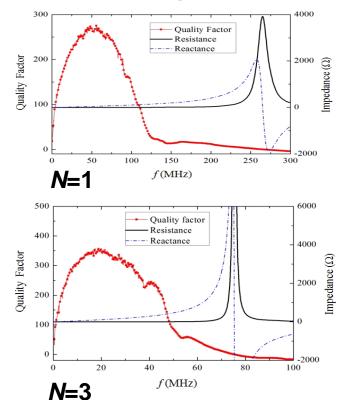
## **Quality Factor Measurement and Coupling Measurement**

- ◆Helical coils
  - ➤ Coil radius *r*=2.5 cm
  - ➤ Wire diameter *d*=1.6 mm
- ◆By network analyzer
- ◆Quality factor
  - >172 (**N=1**)
  - >340 (**N=3**)
- ◆Self resonant frequency
  - >270 MHz (*N***=1**)
  - >75 MHz (*N***=3**)

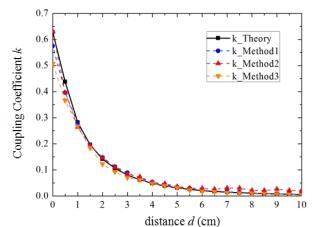


◆Coils used: *r*=2.5 (cm), *a*=0.8 (mm), *N*=1 (turn)

$$k_{12} = \sqrt{\frac{\text{Im}(Z_{12}) \text{Im}(Z_{21})}{\text{Im}(Z_{11}) \text{Im}(Z_{22})}}$$

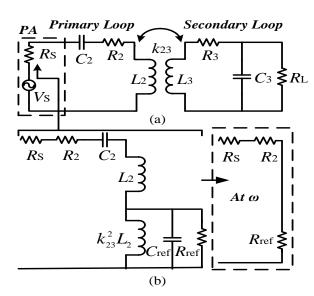
$$k_{12} = \sqrt{\frac{V_{OC2}}{V_{d1}} \frac{V_{OC1}}{V_{d2}}}$$

$$k_{12} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{L_{leak12}}{L_{11}}}$$



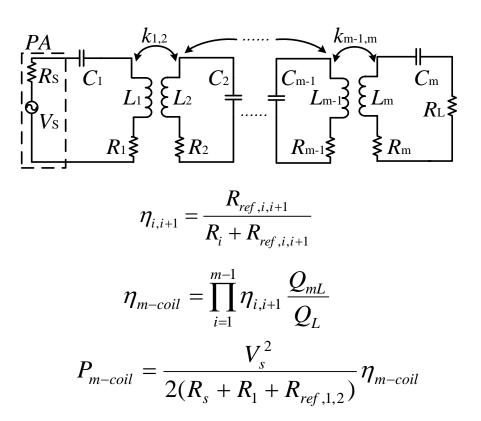
## **Reflected Load Theory**

- igoplus Coupling is simplified into an impedance and only pure resistance is left at  $\omega_0$ .
- Only adjacent coupling is considered.
- ◆ Reflection is from the latter stages to the former ones.



$$R_{ref,i,i+1} = k_{i,i+1}^{2} \omega_{0} L_{i} Q_{(i+1)L}$$

$$Q_{iL} = \frac{\omega_{0} L_{i}}{R_{i} + R_{ref,i,i+1}}$$



# Adjustable Couplings for Optimization

- ♦ Efficiency of the 4-coil system is simulated with  $k_{12}$  and  $k_{23}$  by Agilent ADS<sup>®</sup>.
- lacktriangle The reflected resistance  $R_{\text{ref},1,2}$  is analyzed with efficiency.

$$P_{4-coil} = \frac{V_S^2}{2R_S} \frac{(k_{12}^2 Q_1 Q_2)(k_{23}^2 Q_2 Q_3)(k_{34}^2 Q_3 Q_{4L})}{[(1+k_{12}^2 Q_1 Q_2)(1+k_{34}^2 Q_3 Q_{4L})+k_{23}^2 Q_2 Q_3]^2} \frac{Q_{4L}}{Q_L}$$

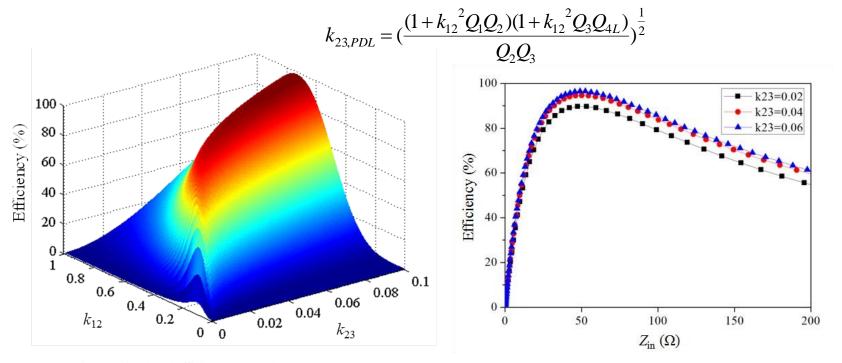


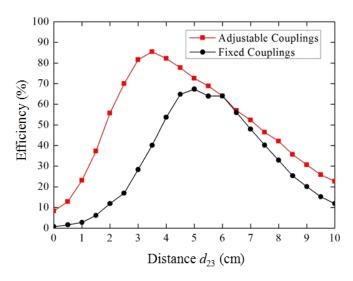
Figure : Simulated efficiency versus  $k_{23}$  and  $k_{12}$ 

Figure : Simulated efficiency with input resistance  $R_{\rm in}$  of the 4-coil system

## **Intermediate Transmission Coils**

#### **◆**Contribution

- ➤ Ranging 5 % to 50 % of efficiency is enhanced by adjustable couplings in aligned and misaligned conditions.
- ➤ There is 85 % of efficiency achieved in the proposed 4-coil system.
- ➤ With output 31.8 dBm and 73 % of PAE for power amplifier, approximately 30 % of overall efficiency is achieved in wireless charging system.



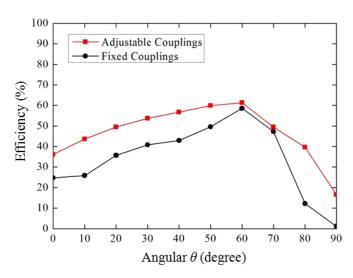


Figure : Measured efficiency versus aligned distance  $d_{23}$  by methods of fixed coupling and varying coupling.

Figure : Measured efficiency versus misaligned angular theta  $\theta$  by methods of fixed coupling and varying coupling.